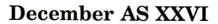


# Camel

# Crux Australis Monthly Letter





14 December AS XXVI (1991)

30 December AS XXVI (1991)

Transactions Considered: 8 Names, 7 Devices, 1 Badge

Forwarded to Vesper: 7 Names, 3 Devices, 1 Badge

Unto the College of Heralds of the Kingdom of the West in the Principality of Lochac, and unto all others who may read this,

Greetings from Lord Decion ap Dyfrwr Trefriw, Crux Australis Herald!

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# **Roster Changes**

The Barony of Rowany has a new acting Cinquefoil Pursuivant (well, actually an old one, as he's done the job before): Lord Wulfsige Clovenhaft [Malcolm Ward], of 37 Searle Street, Petersham, NSW 2049; telephone (02) 569 3613.

And in the Barony of Aneala, it is with pleasure that I can announce that Lord Vesper has agreed to promote Baron David de Saxby to a full Pursuivant, so that he is no longer acting Black Wing Pursuivant. Congratulations!

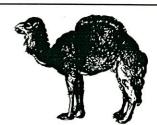
### Reports for Twelfth Night

Yes, once again reports are due. Please forward your reports to me as soon as possible. In fact, stop reading this and do it now! A couple of heralds neglected to report last time; remember, two strikes and you're out! (Please don't think I'm kidding!)



Crux Australis Herald [Bruce Probst] 11/58 Edgar Street Glen Iris VIC 3146 **AUSTRALIA** 

Telephone: (03) 822 3329 International: 613 822 3329



Baronial heralds: remember, you're entitled to pass on that warning to your subsidiary groups. If a Canton or College herald hasn't reported to you for some time, feel free to warn them that their job is on the line. If still nothing happens, let me know as soon as possible. I have no tolerance for "dead wood".

#### **News of Previous Submissions**

The October LoAR arrived in Lochac on 19 November. No Western submissions were considered at that meeting however.

The September West Kingdom College of Heralds Minutes arrived in Lochac on 21 November. The October Minutes arrived on 11 December. The results concerning Lochac submissions considered at these meetings are reproduced from p.11.

# **Laurel Precedents**

The following are reproduced from the October LoAR. It is by examining decisions such as these that we gain a greater understanding of the RfS and how they are meant to work in practice.

- \* Ordinaries of Mail. Commentary on this issue ran mostly between discouraging the practice to banning it. No one seemed to feel that the existence of ordinaries of chain in period were an adequate precedent for allowing ordinaries of mail. As a consequence, ordinaries of mail will no longer be registered by the College.
- \* Maily. There was almost no discussion at all as to whether to continue or ban the registration of the SCA field treatment "maily". As a consequence, I am having to assume that the vast majority of commenters have no really strong negative feelings about this, and will continue to allow maily as a field treatment in SCA armory.
- \* Engrailed, Invected, and Indented. The period evidence regarding whether or not heralds granted difference between these three lines of division is not entirely clear. It would appear that certainly in early heraldic history that indented and engrailed were used interchangeably. However, invected is a later period line of division, apparently considered different from engrailed and indented. There is also some evidence that in late period engrailed and indented had achieved separate identities. As a consequence, I feel it behoves us to continue granting a Difference between engrailed, invected and indented lines of division.
- \* Given that tenné is one of the standard heraldic stains, we believe that it should be granted the same difference from Or and gules as purpure is from gules and azure. [This only applies when checking for conflicts against mundane armory, of course, as tenné (orange) is not a permitted tincture in SCA heraldry.]
- \* Lord Laurel, when he was still Obelisk Pursuivant, also questioned granting difference between eagle's heads and griffin's heads. It was pointed out to him at that time by a number of commenters that the two were indeed different. (Having been stepped on then, he's not going to get out of line now.)
- \* Rowen is a later form of the old English name Hrodwen, and is perfectly acceptable as such.
- \* Although Master Willhelm when he was Laurel disallowed the use of Avalon as a place from which humans could be, Lady Harpy notes the French town of Avallon in Stephens, p.671, which would appear to make this acceptable.
- \* [Registered badge of (fieldless) a fountain:] Versus Browning (Papworth, p.55) Barry wavy argent and azure, this does not appear to fall under the ban on arms of pretense in XI.4 of the Rules of Submission. The fountain is a clearly defined heraldic charge in and of itself and as such would not appear to be in conflict.

- \* As Mistress Alisoun also noted when she was Laurel, while temporal inconsistency in a name is sometimes notable, in a society where an Elizabethan lady can sit at the table next to an early Viking, requiring temporal consistency in a name seems to be asking more than is necessary.
- \* If I may quote Lord Trefoil, "Nowhere in this appeal do we see evidence that [the name] meets the requirements in II.2 and II.3 that 'made-up' names be formed in a period manner. Instead, the argument boils down to the claims that a) the name makes sense to modern perceptions and b) we've registered worse." Neither of these is grounds for reconsideration or registration.
- \* We need documentation that this type of ring (with stones all the way around the outside edge) is period, not to mention the need for documentation that the raised settings for the stones on the ring are period.
- \* The four-fold symmetry of the submission is not period style and violates the strictures of Rules for Submission VIII.4 and VIII.4.d, Obtrusive Modernity.
- \* The primaries as drawn are not lutes: they are mandolins, a post-period artefact.
- \* . . . a chief should not be used with a bordure of the same tincture as it will give the visual effect of a bordure with a fat top. Nor does period armory give much precedent for such a combination, as the vast majority of exemplars there go out of their way to demarcate the two charges by tincture, line of division, or both. As has often been noted, we follow the general practices, not the exceptions.
- \* . . . hands proper have long been treated in the SCA as a light tincture and thus may not be placed on Or or argent.
- \* Just as you may not have a compony bordure that shares a tincture with the field, neither may you have a plain bordure which shares the tincture with a gyronny field as here.

## Subscriptions, Publications, etc.

The *Camel* is available from the Crux Australis Herald at an annual rate of \$20. Make cheques payable to "S.C.A. College of Heralds."

For those interested, subscriptions to the West Kingdom College of Heralds Minutes are available for US\$15. Send a foreign draft to West Kingdom College of Heralds, PO Box 1735, West Sacramento, CA 95691, U.S.A., made payable to "S.C.A. College of Heralds." These are sent airmail. Note, however, that everything of relevance to Lochac is reprinted in the Camel.

And for those really keen, subscriptions to the Laurel Letter of Acceptance and Return are also available through the Crux Australis Herald. This costs \$20 per annum. Again, everything that is of relevance to Lochac is reprinted in the Camel anyway.

The following publications are all available through Master Thorfinn Hrolfsson: the West Kingdom Heralds' Handbook, the S.C.A. Ordinary and Armorial (plus Updates to same) and the Pictorial Dictionary of Heraldry as used in the S.C.A. I believe that he will also be arranging distribution of the Combined Ordinary. NOTE: Unless you have already contacted me regarding 'free' distribution of the O&A, that offer is no longer valid; please contact Master Thorfinn for any pricing that may apply. (Previous offers already accepted will be honoured.) Master Thorfinn can be contacted c/- Steve Roylance, 1592 Malvern Road, Glen Iris, VIC 3146. 'Phone (03) 885 6348.

## **Meeting Schedule**

Every month, the Crux Australis Herald holds a meeting to consider the heraldic submissions from around the Principality. These meetings are usually held at 11/58 Edgar Street, Glen Iris, VIC 3146, on Saturday afternoons, beginning at 2.00pm and continuing until we're done. The next meeting will be January 18; after that the scheduled dates are February 15 and March 14.

The Hund meetings are held weekly, to comment on submissions from around the Known World. These meetings are almost invariably held Monday nights beginning at 8.00pm at the home of the Crux Australis Herald (address above). Regular commentary may also be taking place in Innilgard [Adelaide, SA], Llyn Arian [Lake Macquarie, NSW], Ynys Fawr [Hobart, TAS], Politarchopolis [Canberra, ACT] and/or Rowany [Sydney, NSW]. Contact the relevant local herald for details.

#### This Month's Submissions

The December meeting of the College of Heralds in the Kingdom of the West in the Principality of Lochac was held on the afternoon of 14 December at the home of the Crux Australis Herald. Present were: Lord Decion ap Dyfrwr Trefriw, Crux Australis Herald; Lord Selwyn Searobyrig, acting Goutte d'Eau Pursuivant; Lord Pedair na Cluaine Bige, P.E. for Dubh-Thrian; and Lord Telsor du Bois, Cornet.

The following conventions are used: CVD means a "Clear Visual Difference", as defined in the Rules for Submissions, or RfS; books cited without further details are in the Bibliography (see p.8).

#### 1. Eleanor Flambard fitzWilliam of Winson

(New Name; SUBMITTED) [Rowany]

Lady Eleanor has previously been known as *Eleanor of Witchwood*. The name is straight-forward English; *Eleanor* can be found in Withycombe, p.96, a Provençal form of *Helen*, "first introduced into England by Eleanor of Aquitaine (1122-1204), wife of Henry II". *Flambard* can be found in Reaney's DoBS, p.130, dated in this spelling to 1158, from the Old French *flambard*, "flaming torch". *fitzWilliam* is the Norman form of "son of William", and according to Reaney's DoBS p.385, can be dated to at least 1299; *William* was "after the Conquest the most popular christian name [in England] until superseded by *John*". *Winson* can be found in Ekwall, p.524, as a town in Gloucester, dating to the Domesday Boke.

Whilst a "multi-barrelled" surname like this is not really Period practice, similar names have been registered in the recent past, and we don't feel that it's too intrusive.

Consulting Herald: Thorfinn Hrolfsson.

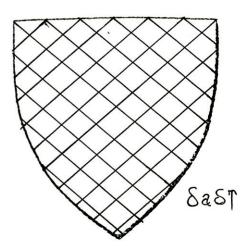
# 2. Eleonor von Lübeck (New Name and Device; Name SUBMITTED, Device RETURNED)

[St. Ursula]

Lozengy fesswise argent and vert.

The name is German. The submitter has provided documentation that *Eleonore* was the name of an Austrian Duchess who was writing prose Romances in 1456; we feel that dropping the terminating "e" should be an acceptable variant. *Lübeck* is a town in northern Germany that has been in existence since at least 1000AD, according to the submitter's documentation (both sets of documentation from *Encyclopædia Brittanica*).

Lady Eleonor is to be congratulated for attempting to register a very simple design. Unfortunately, it's in conflict with many similar designs in Papworth: Lozengy argent and azure (Croste), Lozengy argent and gules (Chaveney), Lozengy argent and pean (Crofts), Lozengy argent and sable (Besom) (all p.972); Gyronny of



six argent and vert (Stocker, p.899); and Quarterly argent and vert (Hamerton, p.1035) (and perhaps others, but that's where we gave up). Against the first few there is only one CVD for changing the tincture of half the field (the "lozengy fesswise" is an artistic frou-frou, not worth an additional difference); against the rest there is only one CVD for changing the line of division, from "lozengy" to "gyronny", "quarterly", etc.

The first alternate, adding a chief vert, is in conflict with arms such as Argent, a chief vert (Lumley, Papworth p.555) and Paly of six gules and Or a chief vert (Witney, Papworth p.559). Unfortunately,

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under our RfS, once you add a charge to a design - any charge - you can get at most one CVD for changing the field of the device. Thus there is only one CVD against each of the above.

The second alternate, adding a bordure vert, conflicts (for the same reason) against Per pale indented gules and Or a bordure vert (Birminghym, Papworth p.342). And the third alternate, adding a chevron vert, conflicts with Or a chevron vert (John Pinkerton, Lyon 1 #621 [Combined Ordinary]) and Argent a chevron vert (Chilton, Papworth p.373).

We spent considerable time discussing the simplest changes that could be made to the device that wouldn't conflict with anything that we could find. We will pass on the fruits of that discussion to the submitter.

Consulting Herald: Sihtric Silfripil & Wulfsige Clovenhaft.

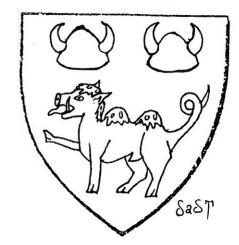
#### 3. Guthfrith Yrlingson (New Name and Device; both SUBMITTED)

[St. Ursula]

Sable, an ypotryll passant Or and in chief two horned helms proper.

The name is Danish. Although the submitter cited what looked like good documentation (page numbers and everything) he neglected to include relevant copies - which makes it very nearly worthless. However, we were able to find both of the names in Searle: Guthfrith on p.272-3, as the name of several Danish kings mentioned in the Anglo-Saxon Chronicles, and Yrling on p.526, "a Norwegian chief". The two individuals lived over a hundred years apart so this not likely to be presumptuous. -son is the standard Scandinavian patronymic.

[Note to consulting heralds: if a submitter can quote the name of a reference work, the author and the page number, then he/she can provide photocopies too! It's only a little extra trouble and makes



the heralds' jobs a lot simpler. If we can't document a name from our sources then we have little option than to return it, no matter how much hearsay evidence the submitter may provide.]

The device seems free of conflict. The *ypotryll* can be found in the PicDic, p.121; it's a Period charge! Although the helms are blazoned as "argent" on the forms, they're quite clearly coloured grey, not silver, so we saw no reason not to blazon them accordingly.

Consulting Herald: Sihtric Silfripil.

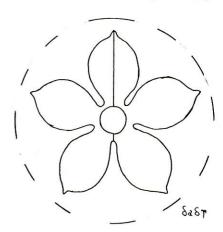
# 4. Lochac, Principality of - Order of the Rowan (Badge Resubmission to Kingdom; SUBMITTED)

[Lochac]

[fieldless] A cinquefoil per pale, and argent.

The order name was submitted to Vesper in September 1991. The previous badge submission, [fieldless] Three cinquefoils slipped and conjoined in pale argent, was returned by Vesper in August 1991 for conflict. This is a complete redesign and appears free of problems.

Consulting Herald: Decion ap Dyfrwr Trefriw.



Argent, a dragon passant gules, in chief something unblazonable.

The name is Welsh. The submitter, again, quoted much documentation, which would have been interesting to look at if we had been given copies. Rhuddlan is the name of a castle in north-eastern Wales, site of the signing of the "Statute of Rhuddlan" imposed by Edward I on the Welsh after his victories in 1282-3 (Brittanica, Vol.10, p.31). Whether a place-name can form a given name in Welsh is not known to us and the submitter presented no arguments; we could find no evidence of such use, but we thought we'd send it on and let Lady Harpy, Mistress Keridwen ferch Morgan Glasfryn, look at it (Mistress Keridwen is the acknowledged Society expert on Welsh names and often attends West Kingdom meetings). Gwilym can be found in M&M, p.113, as the Welsh equivalent of "William"; curiously enough, it



became common shortly after the Conquest. Llywelyn can be found in M&M, p.147; it was an enormously popular Welsh name, borne by "two of the greatest and most powerful princes", with many citations to at least the 10th Century. Abermaestag is a coined place-name on the same pattern as "Aberdare", "Abergavenny" and "Aberystwyth", with Aber- apparently meaning "confluence", as of streams, and "maestag", meaning "pretty field"; the compound presumably meaning "confluence at the pretty field". We had no way to check the grammar, but if the translations are correct the pattern seems reasonable to us; again, we will ask Lady Harpy to check this for us. ap is the Welsh patronymic and o'r the Welsh for "from the".

The device has severe stylistic problems. The charges in chief were blazoned by the submitter as "two viking bird pennants respectant and linked in chief argent and sable". This may or may not be an accurate description of what they are, but they in no way resemble any heraldic charges that we've ever seen, and as you might guess from my blazon above, impossible to blazon in any words that another herald would be able to reconstruct. Although it is true that we register the picture, not the words, we have to be able to provide said words. In addition, this is "thin-line heraldry"; the "pennants" are essentially white blobs with a thin black "outline" (and even that's not a close description!) and this is simply Not Period Style (I doubt that it's even modern style!). No changes were permitted so this must be returned.

Consulting Herald: None listed.

#### 6. Sihtric Silfripil (New Name and Device; both SUBMITTED)

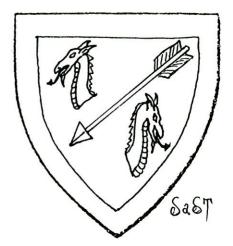
[St. Ursula]

Gules, an arrow bendwise sinister between two dragon's heads couped addorsed, a bordure argent.

The name is supposed to be Norse. Yet again no documentation was supplied, although much was quoted; however we found Sihtric in Searle, p.425, as the name of various northern Kings and abbots in the 10th and 11th Centuries. The submitter requested that the epithet "silver arrow" be translated into Norse; our Scandinavian sources suggest Silfripil would be close to the correct form. Bassi, p.27, confirms "silfri" means "silver"; "pil" is Swedish for "arrow", presumably the old Norse was something similar.

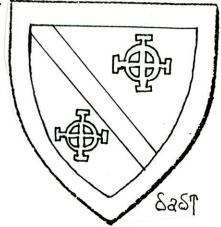
The device appears free of problems, although it would be better style if the heads faced in the same direction.

Consulting Herald: Sihtric Silfripil.



Sable, a bend between two equal-armed Celtic crosses Or, a bordure gules.

The name is Welsh-Irish. According to the documentation provided (!), Taliesin was the name of a famous (legendary?) Welsh bard of the 14th Century; it's been accepted for S.C.A. use many times. Gallóglach is an Irish word meaning "gallowglass", the name given to Irish and Scots mercenaries. The problem with the name is the ap. We were able to find no evidence that Gallóglach, or anything of similar meaning, had ever been used as a given name. "Taliesin son of Irish mercenary" makes no sense. If the submitter had permitted grammatical corrections, we could have simply dropped the offending word and submitted Taliesin Gallóglach, which we found no problems with . . . but he didn't, so we can't.



The device would be stunning if it wasn't for the use of colour on colour. The submitter provided several alternates, unfortunately all of which had exactly the same problem. We thought of one or two simple alterations which should permit this to pass, and we will suggest these to the submitter.

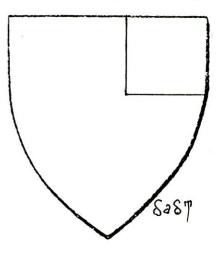
Consulting Herald: Sihtric Silfripil.

#### 8. Telsor du Bois (New Name and Device; both SUBMITTED)

[Stormhold]

Argent, a sinister canton purpure.

After much arm-twisting and brow-beating, we have finally managed to extract a name and device from Lord Telsor. The name is English/French. Telsor is a coined name, formed on the same pattern as Telfer, Telford, Taillefer, Talfourd, Tilford etc. etc., found in Reaney's DoBS, p.344; there it specifically cites Taillefer as a given name in 1214. The name derives from the Old French taille fer "cut iron", a nickname for someone who could cleave an opponent's iron armour. Of course this doesn't document Telsor, however the submitter is arguing that the name was sufficiently malleable to mutate in this fashion. Whilst we wouldn't care to put money on that, if someone could find an Old French word "sor" (or similar) that could be combined in a sensible fashion with the word "taille", the name becomes



considerably more likely. As our sources to Old French references is essentially nil, we are submitting this in the hope that someone, somewhere, can help us. du Bois is a common as dirt French epithet meaning "of the woods". (The S.C.A. du Bois family is one of the more extensive ones.)

The device is wickedly simple. The RfS specifically restrict the use of charged cantons to approved augmentations, but makes no mention of plain ones.

# 9. Þorgrímr Gautsson

[New Name and Device; Name SUBMITTED, Device RETURNED)

[St. Ursula]

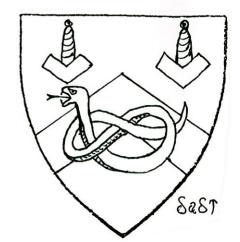
Gules, a chevron sable, in chief two Thor's hammers and overall a serpent nowed argent.

The name is Norse. *Porgrímr* was documented by the submitter as a name from the "Brennu-Njáls saga"; Bassi, p.16, confirms it as a common old Norse name. *Gaut* was documented as the name of a viking jeweller who lived on the Isle of Man; again, Bassi, p.10, cites the name *Gautr*, which is modified to Gautsson in the patronymic form.

The device has a major problem: the use of colour on colour. Unfortunately none of the submitter's alternates removed this problem. There is an additional minor problem: the combination of the name *Thor*, the use of Thor's hammers and a (Midgard?) serpent. However this is probably not a fatal problem; and if the submitter eliminates the tincture problem we would probably let the rest go past.

Whether the *rest* of the College of Arms would be so generous is difficult to say, so we will suggest to the submitter that he reconsider that part of the design as well.

Consulting Herald: Sihtric Silfripil.



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#### **Submissions Vacant**

The following lists of names are meant to inspire you all to greater things . . . failing that, how about an opportunity to give me more work? Please, where possible, seek the following individuals out and ask that they consider submitting (or resubmitting) their names and/or devices. The benefits are numerous and the drawbacks few.

Firstly, we have a list of armigers without registered names and/or devices, that have never (to the best of my knowledge) made any submissions at all:

Aderyn de Reynaud-Daumeray Aelfred the Ready Agvar Gyanavspavar Alarice of Inverness Alberich Lindwurmer Aleinya Thrakesis Alexandra of Ynvs Fawr Alexandro de la Florenzo Alexios Thrakesis Alexous of Uri Alison of Ironshill Alleena Minoan Almira of Deorc Alveric Eupathezdeton Alycia of Blessed Herman Anastacia the Healer Angas MacTalla MacLuin Aoife Ariel of Innilgard Ariella de Mar

Innilgard Mordenvale Politarchopolis Stormhold Hawksreach Ynys Fawr Saint Aldhelm Hawksreach Mordenvale Politarchopolis Mordenvale Stormhold Blessed Herman Mordenvale Innilgard Saint Aldhelm Innilgard Politarchopolis Innilgard Llyn Arian

lla the Crafty Isabella Baldovinetti Isadora d'Esta Isolde of Minster Lovell Istvan Pannonnius Ivette de Calais Jack of Land's End Jacqueline de l'Arbre James of Eastwood Jarek Blackthorn Jean le Renaud John of the Moss Woods John Warener of the Crossroads Jonathon de Haddleigh Jorund aux Méduse Julia of Fairholme Katarina Alighieri Kelly of Cornwall Kenneth the Merchant Kirwin of Lockaber Kyrii de la Pleutaine Llyfdwych Myddchyr

Politarchopolis Saint Ursula Saint Cecilia Dismal Fogs Blessed Herman Stormhold Dismal Fogs Politarchopolis Aneala Blessed Herman Rowany Ynys Fawr Politarchopolis Agaricus Cyradd Uchel Politarchopolis Innilgard

Mordenvale

Aurboda

Aurelian the Just

Bede Bethany of Clinton Betony of the Green Swathe Bianca Macciadicci Bloddeuwydd of Cyn Clywd Boris the Volga Bulgar Brailia Sianid Branwen the Potter Brennan bo narm Endem Brigid of the Marsh Cashlan an Kernow Ceridwyn of Dismal Fogs Charlotte de la Lune Cirian Degeogaghan Conal of Leinster Coralie of the Castlecourt Corin the Restful Cornelius von Beck Cymberleagh of Greyoaks Daemon d'Orc Daffyd ap Myrddin ap Daffyd Cigfan O'Mona **Daniel Tremorne** David the Harper Dhugal an Soth Diana the Dismal Douglas Wallwalker Earn Laf of Mordenvale Edward the Bear Elaine of Sussex Eleanor of Redynge **Elouise Huntington** Elslein rou Abendstera Elspeth Penrheiner **Emily Braithwaite of Kendal** Eric Bloodaxe Eric of the Bogs Ernest Baker Fianna of Dismal Fogs Francis of Bath François Henri Pierre Guyon Fulk aus Barstadt Garth Grimstalker Ginevra Szorforini Gottfried von der Wolven Grainia of Starmount Grania na Toice Griswald of Duk Gwendolen of River Haven Hamish MacTalla Hassan ibn Ysau Haufoc Hammor Hrothgar

Rowany Abertridwr Politarchopolis Politarchopolis Politarchopolis Rowany Politarchopolis Aneala Stormhold Abertridwr River Haven Dismal Foos River Haven River Haven Mordenvale Aneala Llyn Arian Saint Lucia Rowany Politarchopolis Stormhold **Dubh-Thrian** Innilgard Dismal Fogs Politarchopolis Mordenvale River Haven Llyn Arian Abertridwr Rowany Politarchopolis Mordenvale River Haven Mordenvale Innilgard Stormhold Stormhold River Haven Aneala Aneala River Haven Innilgard Hawksreach Rowany River Haven Blessed Herman Innilgard Mordenvale Rowany Politarchopolis

Innilgard

Lorenzo Eradini Lucinda Duffy MacCarrum Lucrezia of Ravenshold Madelgyne Boarslaver Manfred von Vogelheisse Margaret of Swadlingcote Martin the Undecided Matilda of Mordenvale Maximillian von Baden Baden Mehitabel du Chat Melisaund Gwyllt ferch Gwion Melitus Zolotoi Fedrov syn Velikij Mercedes de la Camarge Midhir of Ardegnal Mohammed Abdullah Hussen al-Din Morgana de Taney Murgatroyd MacCarrum Norman of Fairholme Ogadi of the Oxes Philip of Richmond Pippin of Loch Indin Raymond Landais Rhiannon o'r Toriad Dydd Robert of Llyn Arian Roberta of the Calling Woods Romana Elspeth de la Mar Paisley Rosamund of Bohemia Rosce de Ferrieres Rugen Axegrinder Rurik the Grey S'etna Mac Muirheartagh Sa'di al-Zini Samané is Lydoukes Sarah of the Grove Sebastian de Ventbarre Sebastianne von Amberg (the Irresponsible) Serena of the Lion's Paw Shirin Khanjar al Zinj Sigmund der Unbeholfan Sigrun Greylady Simon de Bruce Stephan de Kolt Sulaimon Orlando Cordobes Talietha of Brynn Innes Thomas du Chat Thorbrand the Red Torgon Yuand Valka Seppitarius William of Thetford Wulfpeace of Kant Wulfwine Bloodfang Yagunya Vladimiravich Kurgan the Untrained Ziyadah ibnata Zahara

Politarchopolis Stormhold Saint Lucia River Haven Aneala Innilgard Stormhold Mordenvale Ynys Fawr Agaricus Ynys Fawr Ynys Fawr Stormhold Abertridwr Stormhold River Haven Stormhold Rowany Aneala River Haven Politarchopolis Politarchopolis Llyn Arian Stormhold Rowany Aneala Llyn Arian River Haven Politarchopolis **Dismal Fogs** Politarchopolis Abertridwr Rowany Politarchopolis River Haven Saint Aldhelm Saint Aldhelm Aneala Llyn Arian Politarchopolis Politarchopolis Rowany Agaricus River Haven Saint Christina Mordenvale Aneala Ynys Fawr Agaricus Politarchopolis Innilgard

And then we have those people who have had submissions returned, but have yet to resubmit (this list only includes returns at least a year old). (N=Name, D=Device, B=Badge; date is the most recent date of return, whether it was by Crux Australis, Vesper or Laurel.) Please remind these people, where possible, that resubmissions cost nothing. (As far as badges are concerned, whilst I don't normally encourage individuals to submit badges, these people have already paid for the privilege, and are thus owed something for their money; I like to keep the College of Heralds' books square.)

Aelfwine of Peterborough	St. Bartholomew	D 4/88	Hatchiman Tarro Abenki fra Yashua	Politarchopolis	N&D 2/86
Aenor Serpentshield	Stormhold	N&D 11/87	Hoskuld Atlason of Iceland	Politarchopolis	D 4/87
Agro Agwesi	River Haven	N ?, D 9/86	Hugh of Oak	Stormhold	D 9/87
Aine of the Hounds	River Haven	D 5/89	Isolde of the Northern Marches	Aneala	D 10/84
Andre of Man	Rowany	D 2/84	Jaap Cornelius Vandjinn	Aneala	N&D 11/87
Andrew Fletcher	St. Bartholomew	N&D 1/90	Jacinta Van Schoonhoven	Politarchopolis	D 7/90
Aneala, Barony of (Order of the Golden Swans of Aneala)			James the Unknown	Stormhold	D 2/90
	Aneala	N&B 11/87	John Fitzalleyne	Politarchopolis	D 2/86
Annabell of Riverhaven	River Haven	D 2/88	Jonathon Havoc	Aneala	D 4/85
Anne de Heugett	Rowany	D 6/84	Kaatje van der Hagen	Innilgard	N 6/89

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Hugh the Little

lan the Upstanding

	Aneala	D 4/85	Lleu ap Macsen	Agaricus	N 8/85, D 4/85
	Politarchopolis	B 12/86	Mararaid o Coed Radnor	Stormhold	N&D 10/89
Bran'sagan ó Gymru Newydd	Stormhold	N&D 7/84	Marion of the Wall	Politarchopolis	D 2/87
Brusi Anderson of the Shetlands	Politarchopolis	B 8/86	Marko Alighieri	Ynys Fawr	D 3/90
Brusi of Orkney	Rowany	B 3/85	Mélisande de Gratia e Sprezzatura	St. Monica	N&D 10/90
Caitlin O'hArrachtain	Rowany	N 10/87, D 6/87	Mercurio d'Alien	Politarchopolis	N&D 3/90
Catherine Elspeth d'Aix la Chapelle	Stormhold	D 1/87	Phillip of Erracht	Aneala	D 3/88
Charles of the Park	Politarchopolis	D 11/86	Qabu-tu Qasar	Rowany	N 2/90, D 3/90
Christia Barrett	Rowany	B 5/83	Reinhardt Fenring von Bayerich	Rowany	N 5/84
Dafydd ap Hywel Trawsfynydd	Aneala	D 3/85	Rheinhardt of Swabia	Blessed Herman	N&B 12/86
Daniel Windchaser	Innilgard	N2 8/89	Robert of Starmount	Innilgard	B 3/85
Donnen von Ach	Innilgard	N&D 5/83	Robin Reynardo	Politarchopolis	D 4/88
Duncan Morgan	Rowany	B 1/87	Saint Cecilia, College of	St. Cecilia	N 3/89, D 7/90
Dunean MacCarrum	Stormhold	N 8/85	Senev Artnoc	River Haven	N&D 3/85
Eadward Fetel	Mordenvale	D 3/89	Seóan Seaxeswain	Politarchopolis	D 2/88
Edwyn Valon	River Haven	D 5/87	Slaine MacKeelta	Arx Draconis	D 10/90
Eirik Axeblade	Innilgard	D 7/88	Sveinn Tryggvason	Arx Draconis	D 10/90
Eoin O'Halloran	Innilgard	D 2/88	Tanw the Confused	St. Ursula	D 8/90
Erinn Ailinna Inion Llewellyn O'Meath	Innilgard	N&D 9/90	Taras Apolinariovich Umértvlenyi	St. Cecilia	N&D 6/90
Felice du Maison de la Chat	Adesse Draco	N 11/90	Tarran of Gower	Dismal Fogs	N&D 6/88
Firiel of the Green Wood	Stormhold	D 1/85	Thomas of Abraxa	St. Bartholomew	N&D 10/90
Gillam Adestan	St. Aldhelm	D 12/88	Thorfinn Hrolfsson	Stormhold	B 6/90
Giselle du Bois	Aneala	N&D?	West Kingdom: Centaurus Pursuivant	Lochac	N 5/86
Glendrith Skolbordson	Aneala	N&D 3/87	William Blackstone of Blackmoor	Aneala	N&D 3/85
Gregory of Loch Swan	Arx Draconus	D 3/87	William de la Montaigne Coupé	Rowany	D 6/83
	Stormhold	B 7/84	Yusuf al-Isfahani	Politarchopolis	D 7/86

Please bring any errors or omissions in the above lists to either Lord Canon's or my attention. I am aware that some of the people named above have left the Society and are not likely to return; they are still included above for completeness (and besides, they might change their minds . . .).

As this is the last Camel for 1991, I'll close by wishing you all Season's Greetings and all that sentimental stuff; know that next year I will indeed remain

Yours in Service

SECION

Lord Decion ap Dyfrwr Trefriw Crux Australis Herald



# The following submissions were considered by Lord Vesper at his meeting of 8 September AS XXVI (1991) and were SUBMITTED to Lord Laurel for registration:

#### 1. Adrienne Fildyng de Faux (Stormhold)

name and device resubmission

Vert, seme of daisies proper, on a pile Or, a fox sejant erect gules playing bagpipes vert.

Adriana. Fildyng is a variation of Felding found in Foster's Dictionary of Heraldry, page 84. Faux is the name of eight small towns in France according to the Dictionnaire Geographique, Historique et Politique des Gaules et de la France par M. L'Abbe Expilly, dated 1764. One of these towns is shown on the Carte de France, published in 1714. One of these towns is extant today according to the 1955 edition of the Times Atlas of the World. While none of these references is in period. We consider it probable one of the small towns was around before the turn of the 17th Century. We give the submitter the benefit of the doubt. Consulting herald: Pedair na Cluaine Bige.

#### 7. Benedetta de Spenser (St. Bartholomew's)

Appeal of Laurel Change of Name

To quote Crux Australis on this submission: "Lady Benedetta's name was registered in January 1991 as Benedetta Despencer, the change from the submitted spelling (as above) was justified by Laurel because "the 'de' in the name is not a seperable word part". However, in May 1991 LoAR, Laurel registered the name Robert de Spencer of Wessex, stating that Reaney's OoES, p. 158, noted a Hugh de Spencer in the 13th century; hence this form is acceptable. We found this curious because this was the same documentation cited by us in Benedetta's Submission. In any case, if this is now acceptable, Lady Benedetta would like her preferred spelling back. We support this appeal."

Her name was submitted with different documentation, quoting Reaney's <u>Dictionary of British Surnames</u>, p. 303, under Spenser. Le Spenser and le Despenser were cited. This documentation was used because the entry in Reaney's Origin of English Surnames (OoES) documents Hugh be Spencer, not Hugh de Spencer, Mistress Alison felt that this might be a reference to being The Spencer, instead of being of Spencer. Since Lord Laurel does not seem to feel this to be the case, having registered de Spenser in the interim, we hereby resubmit the name Benedetta de Spenser for consideration. We also support this appeal. Consulting herald: Decion ap Dyfrwr Trefiw.

#### 11. Claire de la Mer (Llyn Arian)

name registered, device resubmission

Per bend argent and gules, in fess a cross couped argent and an apple tree eradicated vert, fructed argent.

Her name was registered on the March 1991 LoAR. Her previous device resubmission was returned by Vesper in December, 1990, for being too pictorial. This is a complete redesign. As I agree with Crux Australis on this device, once more I quote his comments verbatim:

"I'm afraid I can't get too enthusiastic about this design; the use of two unrelated primary charges on either side of a standard field division is not great heraldic style, although it's certainly been found acceptable for the SCA in great numbers. On top of this, forcing both charges to be in fess, rather than the more natural default position of in bend sinister, only enhances the oddness of this design. Still, none of that makes this device illegal. Finally, although "Switzerland" is the thought that sprang into everyone's mind when first viewing the device, it is not presumptuous when used with a per bend division. Per bend has never, to our knowledge, been used to indicate marshalling - that seems reserved to per pale or quarterly divisions. (I might add that if Lady Claire's design had used per pale instead of per bend, I would have returned it for presumption without hesitation.) In the final analysis, then, I would have to say that the device is legal and appears free of conflict. The fruit on the tree must be drawn much larger to justify blazoning them." Consulting herald:

## 14. Elspeth Turberville (Innilgard)

name and device

Argent, on a fess between three lyres vert, a horse passant to sinister argent.

Elspeth can be found in Withycombe, p. 100, as a Scottish variant of Elizabeth. It is undated but has been registered as recently as October 1990 (Elspeth Radegund). Turberville is a surname found in Reaney DBS, p. 329. The form de Turbervill is dated to the 13th century. Turberville can also be found in Foster's Dictionary of Heraldry, p. 194. This device is her first alternate. Her original design, with the horse facing to dexter, conflicted with Aldrich: Argent, on a fess vert a bull passant of the first. Papworth, p. 784. Consulting heralds:

# 16. Genevieve des Champs (Stormhold)

name in process, device

Azure, an eagle displayed Or, on a chief engrailed argent, a fox courant gules.

Her name was submitted on our August 1991 Letter of Intent. Consulting herald: Pedair na Cluaine Bige.

## 17. Hal the Archer (Ynys Fawr)

name and device

Per saltire argent and gules, in pale two pheons and in fess two quivers counterchanged.

Hal is a diminuative of Henry. Henry dates to the Domesday Boke, according to Withycombe, p. 149. Henry V was called Hal in Shakespeare's Henry IV, Part I, Act III, Scene III. Henry VIII was called Bluff King Hal according to Dave Williamson's Kings and Queens of Britain, p. 108. Archer is a descriptive epithet. Archer is an occupational byname. Reaney's DBS (1st ed.), p. 10, has le Archer dated to 1199 AD. Consulting herald: Hrölf Herjölfssen.

#### 21. Hugh de la Brett (Stormhold)

name registered, device resubmission

Or, on a pall inverted between two broad arrows and a broad arrow inverted gules, three bezants Or.

His name was registered on the July 1991 LoAR. His device was returned by Vesper in April 1991 for conflict. This redesign is clear of the previous conflict. Consulting herald: Pedair na Cluaine Bige.

#### 23. Ingerith Rus (Innilgard)

name resubmission, see RETURNS for device

Her original submission, Ingerith fra Russ, was returned in March, 1991 for incorrect grammar. This problem has been corrected. Ingerith can be found in Withycombe, p. 162, under Ingrid. The Rus were the Vikings of Eastern Europe. According to Eric Oxenstierna's The Norsemen, p. 104, Rus was a name for the eastern Vikings, taken from the Slavs who got it from the Finns. She wants to be "the Rus" in Old Norse, we believe this to be the correct formation, without an article. Consulting herald: René du bon Bois.

## 27. Lochac, Principality of (Lochac)

badge resubmission

Argent, a piping beast rampant azure, maintaining between its sinister forepaw and its tailpaw a cascade of torteaux.

This submission is for the Lochac Guild of Entertainers. The piping beast can be found in the Pictorial Dictionary, which indicates it has been previously registered in the SCA. The number of torteaux is left unspecified, as that shall be the indication of rank in the guild. Consulting herald: Pedair na Cluaine Bige.

#### 33. Robert Robare the Rhos (Riverhaven)

name appeal to Laurel, device resubmission

Sable, a bull statant to sinister, on a chief Or, two dragons passant gules. (device)

Robert can be found in Withycombe, p. 255, is a very common English first name, dating at least to the Norman Invasion and subsequent Domesday Boke. Robare is dated to 1440 in the Oxford English Dictionary as a period spelling of robber. Rhos is a Frankish term for what some Swedes were calling themselves around 839. This is believed to derive from the Greek adjective for red and eventually became the word Russ, according to Johannes Brøndsted's The Vikings, p. 108. The temporal gap between Robare and Rhos make it unlikely that they could have been used in conjunction with each other. I returned the name for temporal disparity. Unfortunately, this aspect of naming is not in the RfS. This decision is being appealed to Laurel with no further evidence. The dragons are a bit oddly drawn, but the submitter sent photocopies of Peter Hogart's <u>Dragons</u> to support his emblazon. Consulting herald: Peter the Uncertain.

#### 34. Robert Robare the Rhos (Riverhaven)

name being appealed, resubmission of badge

Sable, a bull statant to sinister, on a chief triangular Or, a dragon passant gules. (badge)

I feel that this badge is a bit redundant, given the submitted device, but if he really wants it, we'll take his money. Consulting herald: Peter the Uncertain.

The following submission was considered by Lord Vesper at his meeting of 8 September AS XXVI (1991) and was RETURNED for further consultation:

Ingerith Rus (Innilgard)

device resubmission, name sent to LAUREL

Or, chapé azure, a double bitted axe gules.

Unfortunately, this device is in conflict with that of the Vach Gwyth: Or, an axe ... gules from Poul Anderson's Knight of Ghosts and Shadows, as found in Fabulous Heraldry. Duke Frederick of Holland reached into his extensive library and checked the blazon in the book. There were no other charges on the Vach Gwyth device, the "..." represents froo-froo on the axe. It is also in technical conflict with Egil Bloodax: Papillony argent and azure, a double-bitted axe gules. This conflict exists because chapé is considered a field treatment, not a charge. This leaves us with one CVD for changing the field, and nothing for the chapé. Consulting herald: René du Bon Bois.

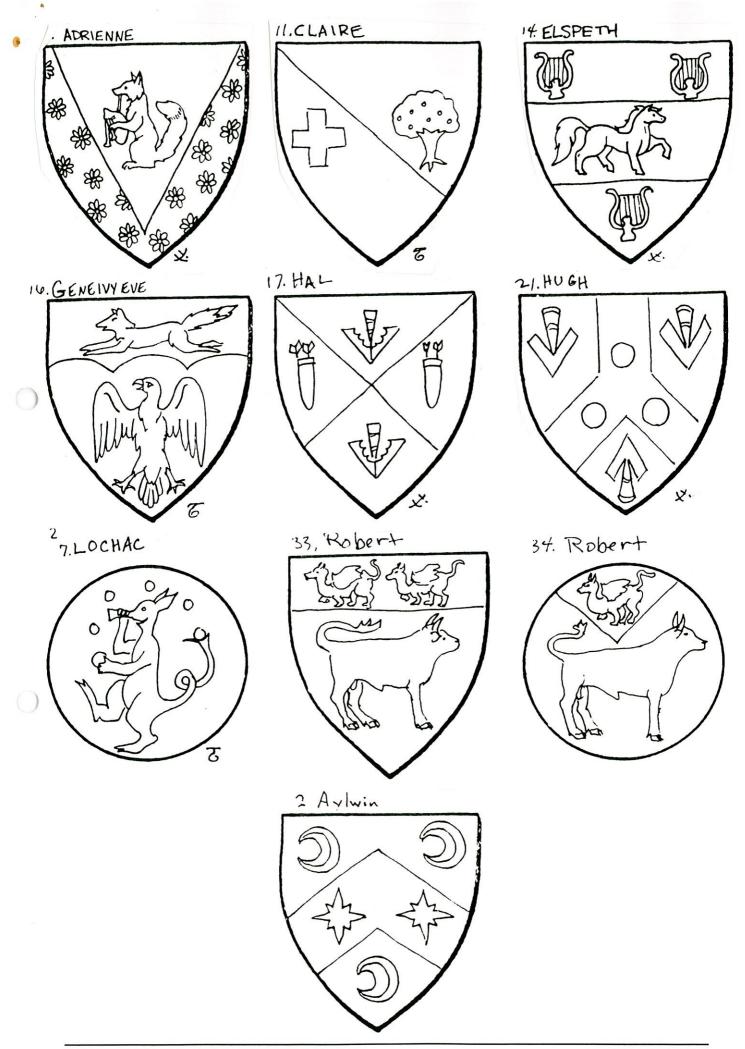
The following submission was considered by Lord Vesper at his meeting of 13 October AS XXVI (1991) and was SUBMITTED to Lord Laurel for registration:

#### 2. Aylwin Greymane (Innilgard)

name registered, device resubmission

Azure, on a chevron between three increscents argent, two compass stars azure.

His name was registered on the July 1990 LoAR. His device was returned for conflict at that time. This is redesigned to be quite clear of that conflict (Chawers: Azure, two chevronnels argent, Papworth, p. 541). He resubmitted to the Kingdom level in August. His device, as here, but with three compass stars, was returned for conflict (Roberts: Azure, on a chevron three mullets argent., Papworth, p. 488). This redesign avoids that conflict. He gets one CVD for the addition of secondaries and the second visual difference for changing the number and type of tertiaries on the chevron. Consulting herald: Gerald Swinford.



# Lord Laurel issued the following corrections to the Armorial and Ordinary in his errata letter of 12 November 1991:

Atenveldt, Kingdom of. Badge for the College of Bards. Azure, a leaved branch palewise argent. The fact that the branch is leaved probably ought to be mentioned.

Vandrad of Bothldun. Device. Vert, on a bend sinister Or, another azure charged with three falcons, in chief an escallop Or.

The blazon in the LoAR gave the tertiaries as "peregrines", which could be interpreted more than one way. As in their default close position and heraldic tincture, there is no need to specify them as "peregrine falcons".

# The following Society-wide badge was REGISTERED by Lord Laurel at his meeting of 26 October AS XXVI (1991):

S.C.A. Badge for Sign Language Interpreters. Vert, in saltire two trumpets Or surmounted by a dexter hand appaumy.

A letter of permission to conflict having been received from the Crown of Caid, we are able to register this badge for Society-wide use by any sign language interpreter.

Camel, December AS XXVI